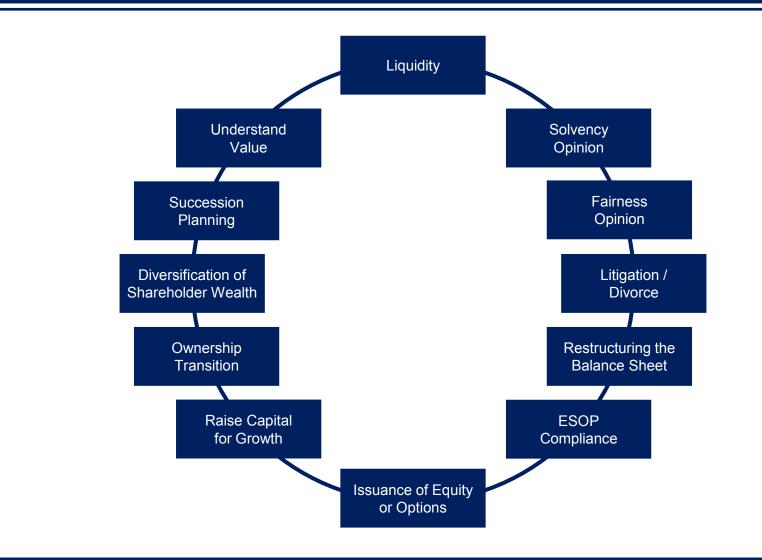
Valuation in M&A

Art versus Science

THEOURBRIDGES

Use of Valuations



Confidential

Valuation Methods

Income Approach

- Capitalization of income
 - Multiple of EBITDA
- Discounted cash flow (DCF)
 - Based on future cash flows discounted at the cost of capital (required rate of return)

Market Approach

- Multiples: transaction comparables
 - May overstate value given size premium
- Multiples: publicly traded comparables
 - May overstate value given size and liquidity premiums

Hybrid Approach

- Leveraged buyout (LBO)
 - Methodology used by private equity firms
 - Backs into purchase price required to achieve a target IRR

Asset Approach

- Estimated value of asset in a liquidation scenario
 - Current assets
 - Market value of fixed assets
 - Less current liabilities
 - Less debt and debt-like instruments

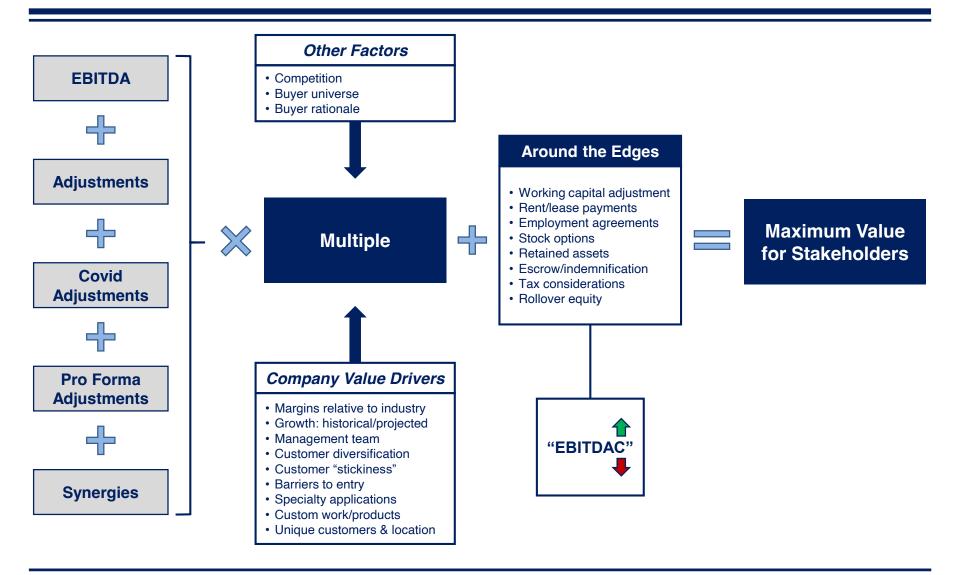
Used in M&A



"My buddy at the country club told me he sold his business for 8x"



The "Real" Valuation Formula



FOURBRIDGES

Confidential

EBITDA is <u>Earnings</u> <u>B</u>efore Interest, <u>Taxes</u>, <u>D</u>epreciation, and <u>A</u>mortization

- EBITDA is a proxy for cash flow
- Typical adjustments to EBITDA include:
 - One-time, non-recurring expenses (e.g. settlement for unexpected lawsuit)
 - Personal expenses (e.g. the business pays for the Seller's personal boating expenses)
 - Covid adjustments to normalize the financials (e.g. lost sales due to customer shutdowns)
 - Pro forma adjustments to normalize the financials (e.g. contractual price increases)
 - Synergies (e.g. shared back office resources)
- CapEx considerations
 - EBITDA less CapEx is a better cash flow proxy for asset intensive businesses given the relatively
 predictable need to invest in repair and replacement of assets
 - CapEx is ultimately viewed as a drag on EBITDA and can be challenging to underwrite

Transition for Privately Held Businesses

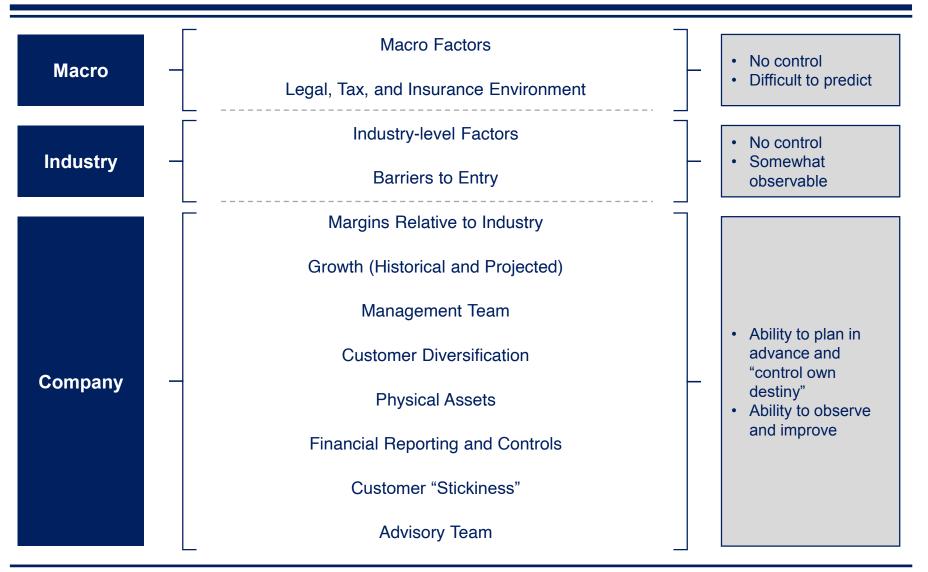
The "Old Days"

- A family member
- A competitor
- An employee
- Liquidate



Modern sellers benefit from an increasingly vast, ever more complex buyer universe.

Value Drivers and Risk Factors



FOURBRIDGES

Confidential

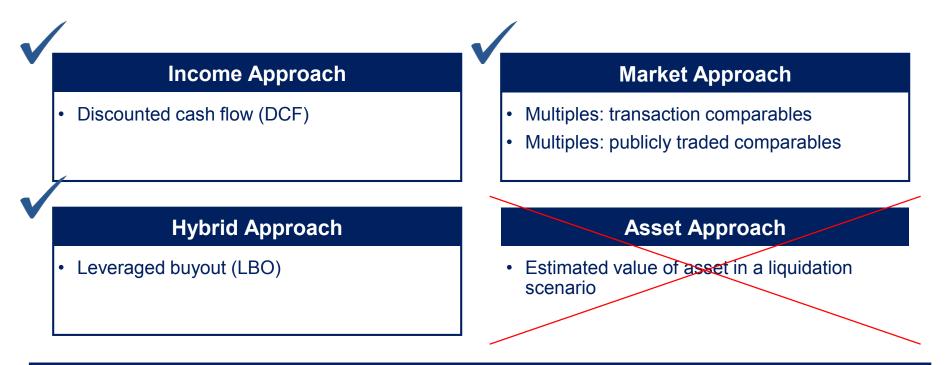
Buy-Side Case Study

Section V



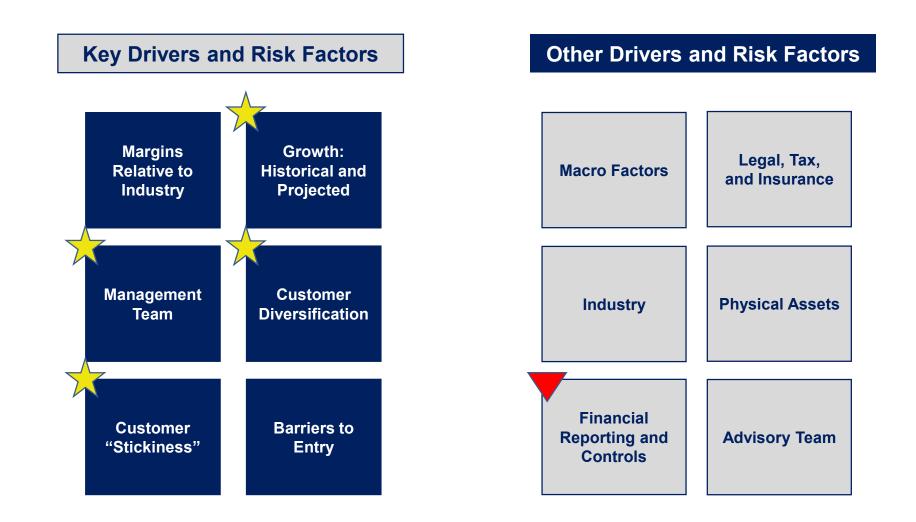
Case Study Overview

- FourBridges was engaged by the Client, who wanted to acquire a company that was being marketed by an investment bank
- The sell-side investment banker was running an auction process and soliciting competitive bids
- The Client viewed the acquisition as an opportunity to enter a new segment in their existing market
- FourBridges was engaged to conduct a valuation of the target. Valuation methods included:



THE FOURBRIDGES

Value Drivers and Risk Factors



FOURBRIDGES

Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) Required Return Build Up

Discount Rate Buildup

| | | | Project |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------|---------|
| | | Client | XYZ |
| | Risk free rate ⁽¹⁾ | 3.50% | 3.50% |
| | Equity risk premium ⁽¹⁾ | 5.00% | 5.00% |
| | Industry risk premium ⁽¹⁾ | -3.00% | -3.00% |
| An appropriate | Size premium ⁽²⁾ | 1.60% | 5.37% |
| discount rate to | Company-specific premium ⁽³⁾ | | |
| evaluate the | Concentrated revenue & contribution | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| contemplated | Risks of contract interruptions | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| acquisition is likely | Limited depth of management | 1.00% | 5.00% |
| | | | |
| in the range of | Total Cost of Equity | 8.10% | 15.87% |
| <u>12% to 15%</u> | | | |
| | <u>Footnotes</u> | | |
| | (1) Duff & Phelps | | |
| | (2) Duff & Phelps based on market capitalization: | | |
| | Decile Mkt Cap Premium | | |
| | 5 \$1.8 B+ 1.60% | | |
| | 6 \$1.2-1.8 B 1.58% 9 \$50 - 300 M 2.50% | | |
| | 10 < \$50 M 5.37% | | |
| | (3) Based on company-specific elements, freq. 2-6 | % for smaller compan | ies. |

Confidential

DCF Example

| Discount Rate Calculation | Targ | get Return | Weight | V | Veighted Return | | | |
|---|--------|------------|---------------|----|--------------------|---------------|---------------|--------|
| Equity | | 15.0% | 56.7% | | 8.5% | | | |
| Subordinated Debt | | 11.0% | 8.7% | | 1.0% | | | |
| Senior Debt | | 6.0% | 34.6% | | 2.1% | | | |
| Discount Rate | | | 100.00% | | 11.54% | | | |
| | | 2019 | 2020 | | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | |
| ROJECTED EBITDA | \$ | 2,995.2 | \$ 3,264.0 | \$ | 3,546.2 | \$ 3,842.4 | \$ 4,153.1 | |
| Adjustments | | | | | | | | |
| (-) Tax Distributions | | 11.5 | (91.9) | | (203.6) | (326.0) | (453.7) | |
| (-) Change in Working Capital | | (25.5) | (18.7) | | (17.4) | (16.0) | (14.4) | |
| (-) Capital Expenditures | | (34.7) | (35.8) | | (36.9) | (38.0) | (39.1) | |
| Total Adjustments | | (48.7) | (146.3) | | (257.8) | (379.9) | (507.3) | |
| REE CASH FLOW TO INVESTED CAPITAL | | 2,946.5 | 3,117.6 | | 3,288.4 | 3,462.5 | 3,645.9 | |
| ALCULATION OF TERMINAL VALUE | | | | | | | | |
| 2023P Cash Flow to Invested Capital | | | | | | | 3,645.9 | |
| Long-Term Growth Rate | | | | | | | 3.00% | |
| Terminal Cash Flow (2023P cash flow adjusted by t | he gro | owth rate) | | | | | 3,755.2 | |
| Implied Multiple from Capitalization Rate | - | | | | | | 11.71 | |
| Terminal Value | | | | | | | 43,977.3 | |
| ASH FLOWS | | | | | | | | |
| Annual Free Cash Flow to Invested Capital/Equity | | 2,946.5 | 3,117.6 | | 3,288.4 | 3,462.5 | 3,645.9 | |
| Terminal value | | _,0.0.0 | 0,0 | | 0,200.1 | 0,102.0 | 43,977.3 | |
| UM OF CASH FLOWS | | 2,946.5 | 3,117.6 | | 3,288.4 | 3,462.5 | 47,623.2 | Impli |
| resent Value of Cash Flows | | 2,764 | 2,621 | | 2 470 | 2,340 | 28,852 | purch |
| Tesetil value of Casti Flows | | 2,704 | 2,021 | | 2,479 | 2,340 | 20,002 | , pric |
| | | | | | | | | |

Comparable Transactions

| | | | Date | Enterprise | LTM Financials | | Enterprise V | /alue / LTM |
|---|--|--|-----------|------------|----------------|---------|--------------|-------------|
| Target (Parent / Ticker) | Acquiror / Investor | Target Description | Announced | Value | Revenue | EBITDA | Revenue | EBITDA |
| \$ in millions | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Baking Business of the J.M. Smucker Company (NYSE:SJM) | Brynwood Partners | Brands acquired include Pilsbury baking mix, Hungry Jack pancake mix, White Lily and Martha White baking products, and Jim Dandy quick grits | Aug 2018 | \$375.0 | \$375.0 | - | 1.0x | - |
| Brazi Bites | San Fransisco Equity Partners | Top U.S. producer of naturally gluten-free Brazilian style cheese bread snacks | Aug 2018 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Pinnacle Foods (NYSE:PF) | Conagra Brands (NYSE:CAG) | Portfolio of grocery (e.g. Vlasic, Wish Bone, Duncan Hines), frozen (Bird's Eye) and better-for-you brands (e.g. Udi's, Glutino) can be found in 85% of U.S. households | Jul 2018 | \$10,900.0 | - | \$660.6 | - | 16.5x |
| New England Confectionery Company, Inc. (d/b/a NECCO) | Round Hill Investments, LLC (Metropoulos family) | Manufacturer of Sweetheart candies and NECCO wafers (acquired out of bankruptcy) | Jul 2018 | \$17.0 | - | - | - | - |
| Mademoiselle Desserts | Alphaone International | France-based manufacturer and supplier of frozen bakery products | Jul 2018 | \$383.0 | - | - | - | - |
| Tate's Bake Shop (The Riverside Company) | Mondelēz International, Inc. (NASDAQ:MDLZ) | Premium cookie and baked goods brand; achieved a 4x increase in sales and earnings since 2013 | May 2018 | \$500.0 | - | - | - | - |
| U.S. Confections Business of Nestle | Ferrero S.p.A. | Acquired portfolio of 20+ brands includes BabyRuth, Butterfinger, Crunch, and Nerds ranks #3 in the U.S. candy market share behind Mars and Hershey | Mar 2018 | \$2,800.0 | - | - | - | - |
| Green Isle Foods Ltd. | Nomad Foods Limited (NYSE:NOMD) | Irish manufacturer and distributor of frozen pizzas under the Goodfella's Pizza brand | Mar 2018 | \$276.0 | - | - | - | - |
| Amplify Snack Brands (NYSE:BETR) (TA Associates) | The Hershey Company (NYSE:HSY) | Manufacturer of Skinny Pop popcorn; Amplify / Skinny Pop is the latest in a series of better-for-you snack acquisitions by Hershey including barkTHINS (2016) and Krave (2015) | Jan 2018 | \$1,600.0 | \$390.2 | \$86.5 | 4.1x | 18.5x |
| Snyder's-Lance | Campbell Soup Company | Owns numerous packaged snack brands including Snyder's of Hanover, Lance, Kettle Chips, Cape Cod, Late July and Pop Secret | Jan 2018 | \$6,000.0 | \$2,222.2 | \$281.7 | 2.7x | 21.3x |
| Sandwich Bros. of Wisconsin | Conagra Brands (NYSE:CAG) | Milwaukee-based provider of better-for-you prepared frozen sandwiches, from Kangaroo Brands | Jan 2018 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Raybern Foods (TSG Consumer Partners) | Premium Brands Holdings | Provider of pre-packaged sandwiches | Dec 2017 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ferrara Candy Company, Inc (L Catterton) | Ferrero S.p.A. | Global candy company | Nov 2017 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Bob Evans Farms (excluding restaurant division) | Post Holdings, Inc. (NYSE: POST) | Producer and distributor of prepared foods for grocery retailers | Oct 2017 | \$1,500.0 | - | \$107.1 | - | 14.0x |

Comparable Transactions

| | | | Date | Enterprise | LTM Fin | ancials | Enterprise V | /alue / LTM |
|--|---|--|-----------|------------|---------|---------|--------------|-------------|
| Target (Parent / Ticker) | Acquiror / Investor | Target Description | Announced | Value | Revenue | EBITDA | Revenue | EBITDA |
| \$ in millions | | | | | | | | |
| Back to Nature Foods Company (Brynwood Partners) | B&G Foods (NYSE:BGS) | Provider of natural and non-GMO snack foods | Sep 2017 | \$162.8 | \$80.0 | \$17.0 | 2.0x | 9.6x |
| AdvancePierre Food Holdings, Inc. (NYSE: APFH) | Tyson Foods, Inc. (NYSE: TSN) | Producer and distributer of ready-to-eat sandwiches, sandwich meats, and snacks | May 2017 | \$4,200.0 | - | \$300.0 | - | 14.0x |
| Atkins Nutritional Holdings (Roark Capital) | The Simply Good Foods Company (NasdaqCM: SMPL) | Manufactuer and marketer of low-carbohydrate packaged foods of the Atkins diet | May 2017 | \$856.0 | - | \$73.8 | - | 11.6x |
| Fannie May Confections Brands (1-800- FLOWERS.COM) (NasdaqGS: FLWS) | Ferrero S.p.A. | Producer of gourmet chocolates, fudges, and candies | Apr 2017 | \$115.0 | - | - | - | - |
| THANASI Foods | Conagra Brands, Inc. | Manufacturer of snack foods | Apr 2017 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Uncle Wally's Bake Shoppe | Give & Go (Thomas H. Lee Partners) | Pure-play producer and marketer of muffins; key supplier of branded and private label products for in-store bakery programs in the grocery, club and superstore channels | Feb 2017 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Hill & Valley, Inc. | J&J Snack Foods Corp. (NasdaqGS:JJSF) | Provider of cakes, cookies, pies, and other desserts and a leader in the sugar free category | Feb 2017 | \$31.0 | \$44.3 | - | 0.7x | - |
| Nustef Foods Limited | The Riverside Company | Provider of Italian-inspired pizelle waffle cookies and artisan crackers marketed under the Reko brand | Feb 2017 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Love & Quiches Ltd. | Indulge Desserts Holdings (AUA Private Equity) | Provider of gourmet desserts and quiches | Feb 2017 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Delacre | Ferrero S.p.A. | Comprises the Delacre and Delichoc biscuit brands | Jan 2017 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nothing Bundt Cakes | Levine Leichtman Capital Partners | Franchisor of gourmet bakeries | Nov 2016 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Wetzel's Pretzels (Levine Leichtman Capital Partners) | CenterOak Partners | Owner and franchisor of soft pretzel stores | Oct 2016 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Metcalfe's skinny Ltd. | Snyder's-Lance, Inc. (Nasdaq-GS: LNCE) | UK based marketer of ready-to-eat popcorn | Oct 2016 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tyrrells Potato Crisps | Amplify Snack Brands (NYSE:BETR) | UK based marketer of hand cooked potato crisps | Sep 2016 | \$390.0 | - | \$23.8 | - | 16.4x |

Comparable Transactions

| | | | Date Enterprise | | LTM Fin | ancials | Enterprise V | /alue / LTM |
|--|----------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|---------|---------|--------------|-------------|
| Target (Parent / Ticker) | Acquiror / Investor | Target Description | Announced | Value | Revenue | EBITDA | Revenue | EBITDA |
| \$ in millions | | | | | | | | |
| Lawler Foods, Ltd. | The Original Cakerie, Ltd. | Provider of gourmet cheesecakes, cakes and pies | Aug 2016 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Dianne's Fine Desserts | Geneva Glen Capital | Provider of frozen thaw-and-serve desserts to the foodservice industry and in- store bakeries | Jul 2016 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Krispy Kreme Doughnuts, Inc. (NYSE:KKD) | JAB Holdings | Retailer and wholesaler of doughnuts, coffee and other complementary beverages, and packaged sweets | Jun 2016 | \$1,350.0 | - | - | - | |
| Superior Cake Products (New England Capital Partners) | | Producer of distinctive sweet baked goods including premium iced cookies, éclairs, madeleines and brownies; markets its products on a branded and private label basis within the in-store bakery departments of grocery chains, club stores and superstores | Jun 2016 | - | - | - | - | - |

| High | \$10,900.0 | \$2,222.2 | \$660.6 | 4.1x | 21.3x |
|---------|------------|-----------|---------|------|-------|
| Average | 1,875.3 | 628.3 | 196.8 | 2.3x | 14.7x |
| Median | 678.0 | 382.6 | 107.1 | 2.4x | 14.0x |
| Low | 17.0 | 44.3 | 17.0 | 0.7x | 9.6x |

Sources: Capital IQ, BusinessWire, Company filings

Comparable Transactions Conclusions

Based on available comparable transactions and observed and estimated size premiums, the valuation range is **\$30.0M to \$35.8M Comparable Multiple** Median EV / EBITDA Multiple from M&A Comps: 14.0x Less: Size Premium Discount (1) -2.2x Less: Size Premium Discount⁽²⁾ -0.5x Comparable EV / EBITDA Multiple: 11.3x Appropriate for Project XYZ size Valuation Summary *\$ in millions* EV / EBITDA Multiple 10.3x 10.8x 11.3x 11.8x 12.3x Implied Enterprise Value ⁽³⁾ \$30.0 \$31.4 \$32.9 \$34.3 \$35.8 \$2.9

Footnotes

(1) Based on GF Data observed size premium for \$25M to \$50M deals versus \$100M to \$250M deals

(2) Based on FourBridges estimated size premium for \$100M to \$250M deals versus \$500M+ deals

(3) Based on 2018E Adjusted EBITDA

Publicly Traded Comparables

| (\$ in millions) | Market | Enterprise | Ent | terprise Value / | , | Forward | Gross | EBITDA |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|------------|---------|------------------|-------|-----------|----------|----------|
| Company Name | Сар | Value | Revenue | EBITDA | EBIT | P/E Ratio | Margin % | Margin % |
| Food Production | | | | | | | | |
| Nestlé S.A. | \$252,825 | \$283,247 | 3.1x | 14.9x | 17.8x | 20.2x | 50% | 20% |
| Unilever N.V. | \$151,889 | \$180,891 | 3.0x | 15.3x | 17.8x | 20.5x | 42% | 20% |
| The Kraft Heinz Company | \$73,155 | \$104,149 | 4.0x | 12.8x | 14.6x | 16.1x | 38% | 31% |
| Mondelez International, Inc. | \$61,830 | \$80,760 | 3.1x | 15.2x | 18.0x | 16.9x | 40% | 18% |
| Danone | \$51,054 | \$67,043 | 2.3x | 10.8x | 12.9x | 17.9x | 49% | 18% |
| General Mills, Inc. | \$26,862 | \$43,409 | 2.8x | 12.7x | 15.4x | 14.8x | 35% | 21% |
| Tyson Foods, Inc. | \$21,846 | \$34,095 | 0.8x | 7.7x | 9.7x | 10.5x | 13% | 10% |
| Associated British Foods plc | \$24,989 | \$31,843 | 1.3x | 10.2x | 14.7x | 17.9x | 23% | 12% |
| Grupo Bimbo, S.A.B. de C.V. | \$9,996 | \$27,065 | 1.0x | 8.5x | 12.0x | 25.7x | 53% | 12% |
| Kellogg Company | \$24,718 | \$24,939 | 2.6x | 10.6x | 12.4x | 15.8x | 40% | 23% |
| The Hershey Company | \$20,374 | \$24,522 | 3.2x | 12.8x | 14.9x | 17.8x | 46% | 25% |
| ConAgra Foods, Inc. | \$14,377 | \$22,362 | 2.3x | 11.4x | 13.5x | 16.4x | 30% | 19% |
| George Weston Limited | \$10,291 | \$20,828 | 0.7x | 8.7x | 13.7x | 14.1x | 31% | 8% |
| Hormel Foods Corporation | \$19,692 | \$20,245 | 2.2x | 14.8x | 16.6x | 20.2x | 21% | 14% |
| JBS S.A. | \$6,158 | \$18,635 | 0.4x | 6.0x | 9.6x | 7.2x | 15% | 7% |
| Campbell Soup Company | \$12,711 | \$18,145 | 2.8x | 11.3x | 13.7x | 17.2x | 37% | 24% |
| The J. M. Smucker Company | \$12,568 | \$17,208 | 2.3x | 10.3x | 13.6x | 13.3x | 39% | 23% |
| McCormick & Company, Incorporated | \$15,858 | \$14,766 | 4.0x | 19.4x | 22.0x | 23.9x | 43% | 20% |
| Saputo Inc. | \$12,213 | \$14,330 | 1.6x | 15.4x | 19.3x | 21.7x | 10% | 10% |
| Pilgrim's Pride Corporation | \$4,345 | \$13,329 | 0.6x | 5.3x | 6.9x | 8.7x | 12% | 11% |
| Post Holdings, Inc. | \$6,262 | \$6,403 | 2.2x | 11.6x | 17.6x | 18.4x | 30% | 19% |
| Flowers Foods, Inc. | \$4,104 | \$4,900 | 1.2x | 11.5x | 17.2x | 17.9x | 48% | 11% |
| The Hain Celestial Group, Inc. | \$3,089 | \$5,040 | 1.3x | 14.4x | 19.6x | 23.4x | 19% | 9% |
| Fresh Del Monte Produce Inc. | \$1,901 | \$4,055 | 0.6x | 13.4x | 23.5x | 15.3x | 7% | 5% |
| ARYZTA AG | \$930 | \$3,870 | 0.7x | 6.5x | 32.9x | 10.8x | 17% | 9% |
| Treehouse Foods, Inc. | \$2,767 | \$3,721 | 0.8x | 9.5x | 18.2x | 20.0x | 17% | 9% |
| | | | | | | | | |

Source: Capital IQ

Publicly Traded Comparables

| (\$ in millions) | Market | Enterprise | Ent | erprise Value / | | Forward | Gross | EBITDA |
|------------------------------|---------|------------|---------|-----------------|-------|-----------|----------|----------|
| Company Name | Сар | Value | Revenue | EBITDA | EBIT | P/E Ratio | Margin % | Margin % |
| Lancaster Colony Corporation | \$4,057 | \$2,827 | 3.2x | 19.3x | 22.3x | 29.0x | 25% | 17% |
| B&G Foods Inc. | \$2,044 | \$2,621 | 2.4x | 12.5x | 14.8x | 14.5x | 27% | 19% |
| J&J Snack Foods Corp. | \$2,698 | \$2,573 | 2.2x | 15.7x | 21.7x | 28.8x | 30% | 14% |
| Sanderson Farms, Inc. | \$2,330 | \$2,563 | 0.6x | 4.3x | 5.6x | 21.7x | 17% | 14% |
| Tootsie Roll Industries Inc. | \$2,030 | \$1,934 | 3.7x | 20.6x | 25.8x | 0.0x | 36% | 18% |
| Lotus Bakeries NV | \$2,479 | \$2,003 | 4.2x | 21.6x | 24.3x | 31.2x | 39% | 20% |
| Cal-Maine Foods, Inc. | \$2,281 | \$1,958 | 1.3x | 8.1x | 10.4x | 19.4x | 24% | 16% |
| Dean Foods Company | \$780 | \$1,624 | 0.2x | 5.6x | 13.1x | 21.8x | 23% | 4% |
| Calavo Growers Inc. | \$1,694 | \$1,715 | 1.6x | 22.8x | 27.5x | 29.7x | 11% | 7% |
| John B Sanfilippo & Son Inc. | \$875 | \$970 | 1.1x | 13.9x | 17.7x | 19.0x | 16% | 8% |
| Seneca Foods Corp. | \$278 | \$636 | 0.5x | <u>26.3x</u> | NM | 0.0x | 5% | 2% |
| Food Production Median | \$6,262 | \$14,330 | 2.2x | 12.4x | 16.0x | 17.9x | 30% | 14% |

Source: Capital IQ

Private Equity Transaction Leveraged Buyout (LBO) Example

| Сар | ital Structure | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|-------------|---------|------------------|------------------|------------------|--------|---------|--------|
| | | Multiple of | | | | | | | |
| Sources: | <u>Amount</u> | EBITDA | Percent | Int. Rate | <u>Ownership</u> | <u>Term</u> | Points | Fees | Amor |
| Cash | \$0.0 | 0.00x | 0.0% | 2.0% | | | | | |
| Bank Revolver | 1,454.0 | 0.50x | 4.3% | 6.0% | | 3.0 | 1.50% | \$21.8 | \$7.3 |
| Bank Term Loan | 10,178.0 | 3.50x | 30.3% | 6.0% | | 5.0 | 1.00% | 101.8 | 20.4 |
| Subordinated Note | 2,908.0 | 1.00x | 8.7% | 11.0% | 0.0% | 5.0 | 1.50% | 43.6 | 8. |
| Rollover Equity (non-cash) | 0.0 | 0.00x | 0.0% | | 0.0% | | | | |
| Sponsor Equity | 19.069.2 | 6.56x | 56.7% | | 100.0% | 5.0 | | 0.0 | - |
| Total Sources | \$33,609.2 | 11.56x | 100.0% | | 100.0% | | | \$167.2 | \$36.4 |
| Uses: Cash to sellers Growth Capital Subordinated Note Other Long Term Liabilities Rollover Equity (non-cash) Refinance Existing Debt | \$31,670.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 601.0 | | Y ' | plied v t 25% | | | | | |
| Financing Fees <u>Transaction Expenses @ 3.5%</u> Total Uses | 167.2 <u>1,170.5</u> \$33,609.2 | | | | | $\underline{\ }$ | | | |

| Transaction Stru | cture |
|-------------------|------------|
| 2018 EBITDA | \$2,908.0 |
| Purchase Multiple | 11.5x |
| Enterprise Value | \$33,442.0 |
| Less: Debt | (601.0) |
| = Asset Value | \$32,841.0 |

| Rollover Equity Calculation | |
|--|------------|
| Sponsor Equity | \$19,069.2 |
| x Rollover Equity Ownership Percentage: | 0.0% |
| ÷ (1 - Rollover Equity Ownership Percentage) | 100.0% |
| = Rollover Equity | \$0.0 |

| Goodwill Calculation: Asset Purchase | |
|--------------------------------------|------------|
| Purchase of Assets | \$33,442.0 |
| Less: FMV of Fixed Assets | (82.0) |
| Less: Current Assets | (6,223.0) |
| Less: Noncurrent Assets | (255.0) |
| Plus: Assumed Current Liabilities | 3,541.0 |
| Plus: Assumed LT Liabilities | |
| = Total Goodwill Created | \$30,423.0 |

| Summary Financial Ratios | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| | PF 2018 | <u>2019</u> | 2020 | | | | |
| EBITDA | \$2,908.0 | \$3,198.8 | \$3,722.7 | | | | |
| EBITDA/Cash Interest | 2.9x | 3.3x | 4.4x | | | | |
| EBITDA-CapEx/Cash Interest | 2.8x | 3.3x | 4.4x | | | | |
| Senior Debt/EBITDA | 4.0x | 3.0x | 2.0x | | | | |
| Total Debt/EBITDA | 5.0x | 3.9x | 2.7x | | | | |
| Equity as % of Total Capitalization | 56.7% | 60.4% | 66.0% | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | Year 6 | Year 7 | | | | |
| Cumulative Bank Debt Paydown | | 100.0% | 100.0% | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| Returns Summary to Financial Sponsor | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| EBITDA Exit Multiple: | <u>4 Year</u> | <u>5 Year</u> | <u>6 Year</u> | | | |
| 10.0x | 23.3% | 22.6% | 21.9% | | | |
| 11.0x | 26.5% | 25.0% | 23.7% | | | |
| 12.0x | 29.4% | 27.2% | 25.4% | | | |

The valuation range based on what a private equity buyer might bid (and making certain assumptions outlined below) is **\$30.5M to \$33.4M**

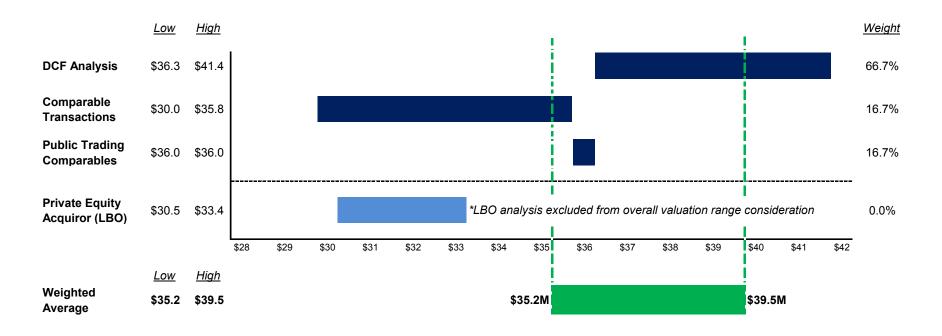
\$ in millions

| Purchase Price EV / EBITDA Multiple | 10.0x | 10.5x | 11.0x | 11.5x | 12.0x |
|-------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Implied Return | 31.4% | 29.1% | 26.9% | 25.0% | 23.2% |
| Implied Enterprise Value | \$29.1 | \$30.5 | \$32.0 | \$33.4 | \$34.9 |

Key Assumptions

- 5.0x total debt to EBITDA at closing
- 5 year hold period
- Structured as Asset Purchase (Goodwill amortization)
- Management Case growth rates
- No SG&A synergies
- 3% long-term growth rate
- 11.0x exit multiple



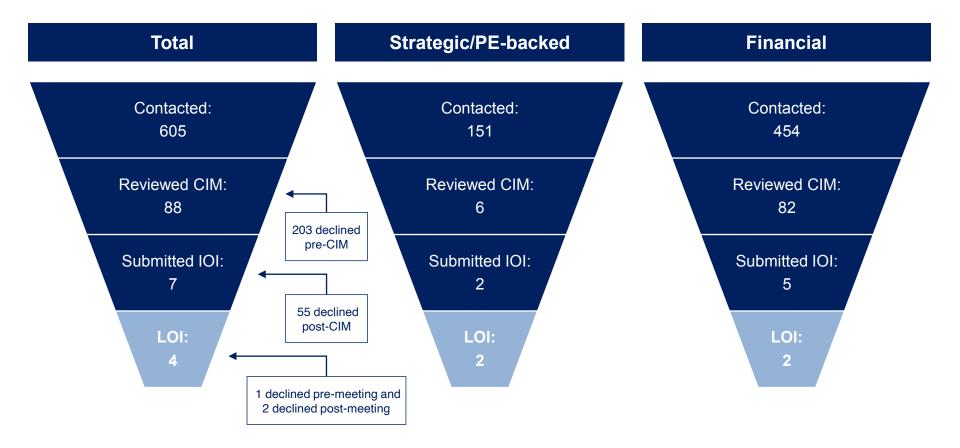


Process Results Example: Project Freezer

Section VI



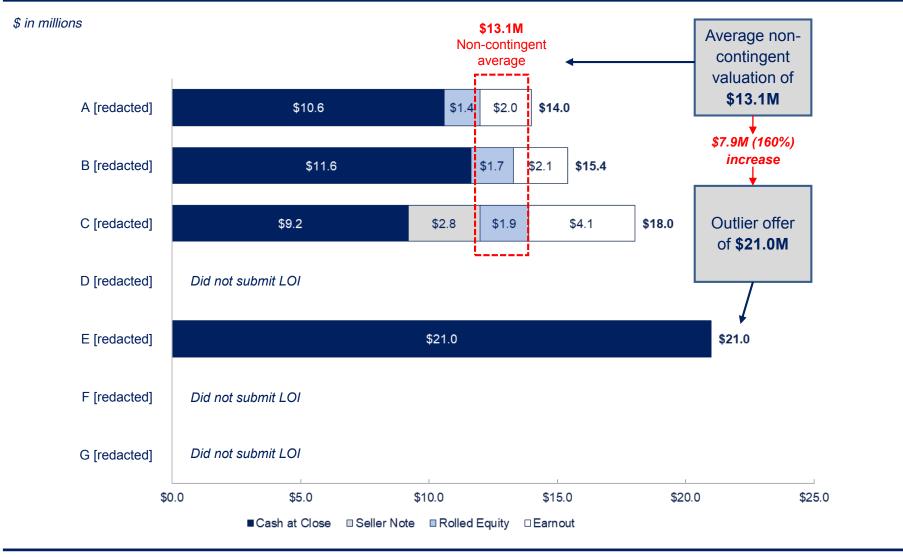
Process Overview



Indications of Interest



Letters of Intent



Confidential

More Art than Science

- Valuations are very useful tools but are handicapped by their "academic" approach
 - Valuations serve as a basis for further evaluation of macro, industry, and company-specific factors
 - Valuations inherently struggle to consider "real world" factors
- An M&A process typically yields a true valuation
 - Competition and variability of the buyer universe elevate and diversify valuations
 - Different buyers will ascribe different valuations to the same business based on their "angle"
 - Different valuations are neither "right" or "wrong"

Ultimately, a business is worth what someone is willing to pay for it.

Tools to Increase Value

Improve Financial Controls, Reporting, and Management

- Get reviewed or audited financial statements
- Improve internal reporting and track key performance indicators (KPIs)
- Build a growth plan that incorporates strategic initiatives and acquisition targets

Mitigate Concentration Risks

- Diversify customer concentrations
- Diversify products (reduce reliance on one product or line)
- Diversify vendors

Strengthen Leadership and Supporting Personnel

- Develop a clear succession plan
- Build management "bench strength"
- Review HR policies

Increase Awareness of Macro Factors

- Review environmental regulations and potential issues
- Get meaningful certifications (e.g. ISO)
- Understand upcoming changes in tax and business
 law

Preparation + Perception + Positioning = Price

Preparation

- Assessment of value drivers and risk factors
- Accentuate value and mitigate risk
- Tax planning
- Clarity of ownership objectives
- Recasting financial information

Perception

- Understand buyers' objectives
- Clear, credible and consistent communication to prospective buyers
- Historical and projected financial information
- Qualitative information

Positioning

- Negotiate from a position of strength (BATNA)
- Real competition or perceived threat of competition
- Type of buyer and buyer motivation
- How does buyer view risk and reward of ownership?
- Does buyer have ability and motivation to pay market price or better?